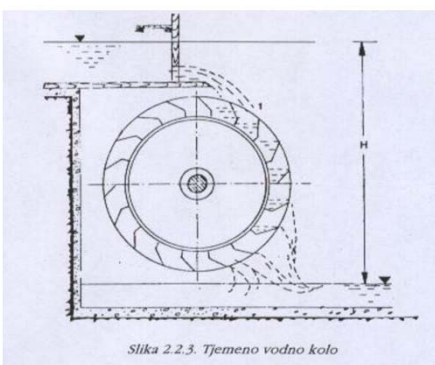


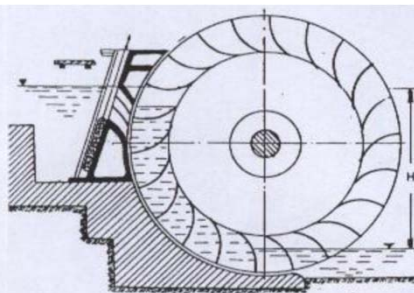
KORIŠTENJE VODNIH SNAGA

TURBINE

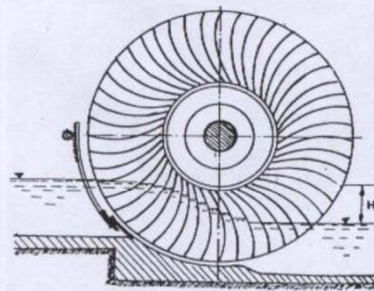
Povijesni razvoj



Slika 2.2.3. Tjemeno vodno kolo



Slika 2.2.4. Bočno vodno kolo



Slika 2.2.5. Podnožno vodno kolo

Osnovni pojmovi

- hidraulički strojevi u kojima se mehanička energija vode pretvara u mehaničku energiju vrtnje stroja
 - što veći raspon padova
 - što veći kapacitet
 - što veći korisni učinak
 - što veći broj okretaja
manje dimenzije
 - prilagodiva promjenjivom radu
regulacija

Osnovni tipovi

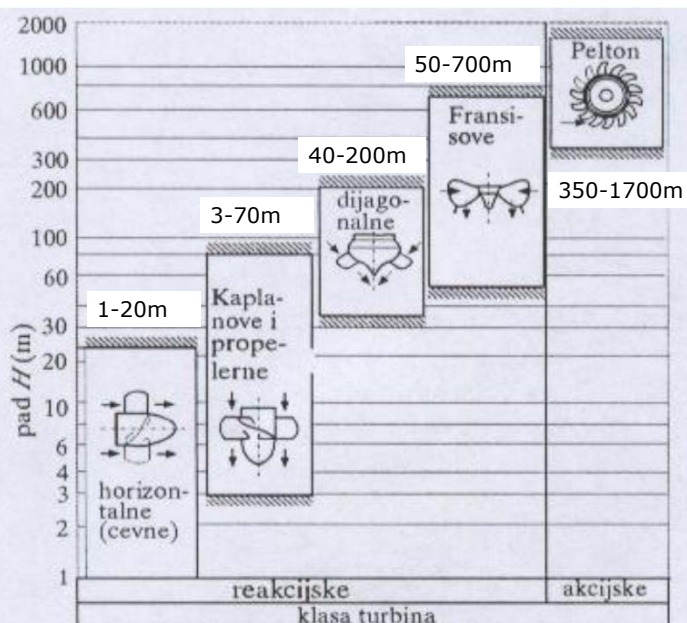
Osnovna podjela turbina obzirom na način djelovanja, odnosno način transformacije energije u okretnom kolu je podjela na

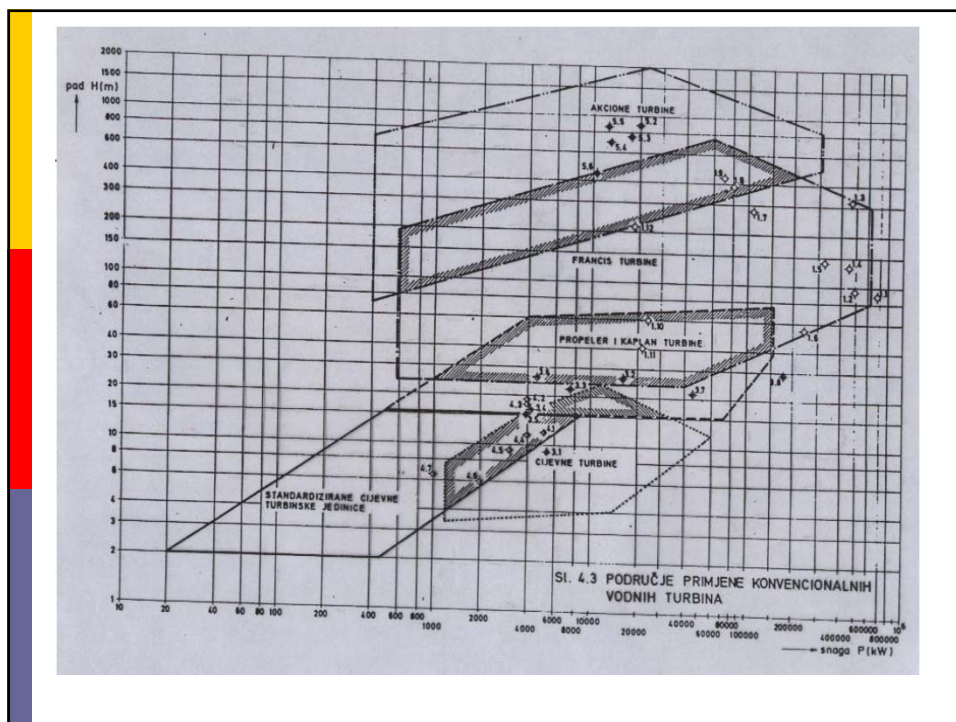
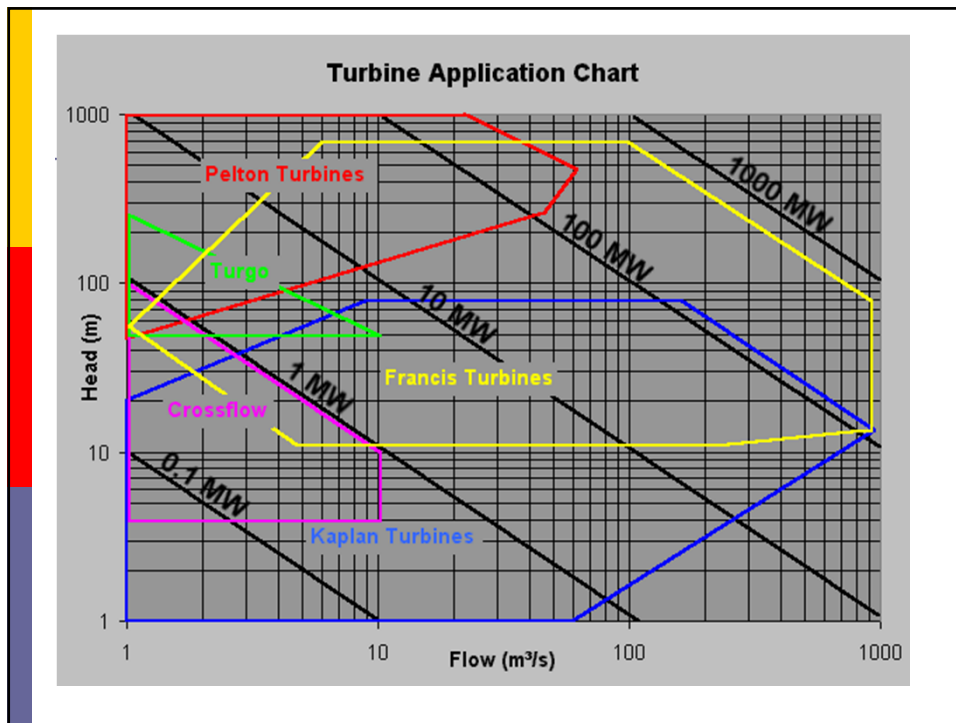
- | | |
|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ Reakcijske turbine <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Voda potpuno obuhvaća rotor ■ Predtlačne turbine
– t. s viškom tlaka ■ Koristi se kinetička, potencijalna, tlačna energija ■ Imaju izlazni difuzor – aspirator <ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ Francis □ Kaplan □ cijevne | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ Akcijske turbine <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Djelomično pod vodom ■ Turbine slobodnog mlaza ■ Koristi se kinetička energija <ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ PELTON |
|--|---|

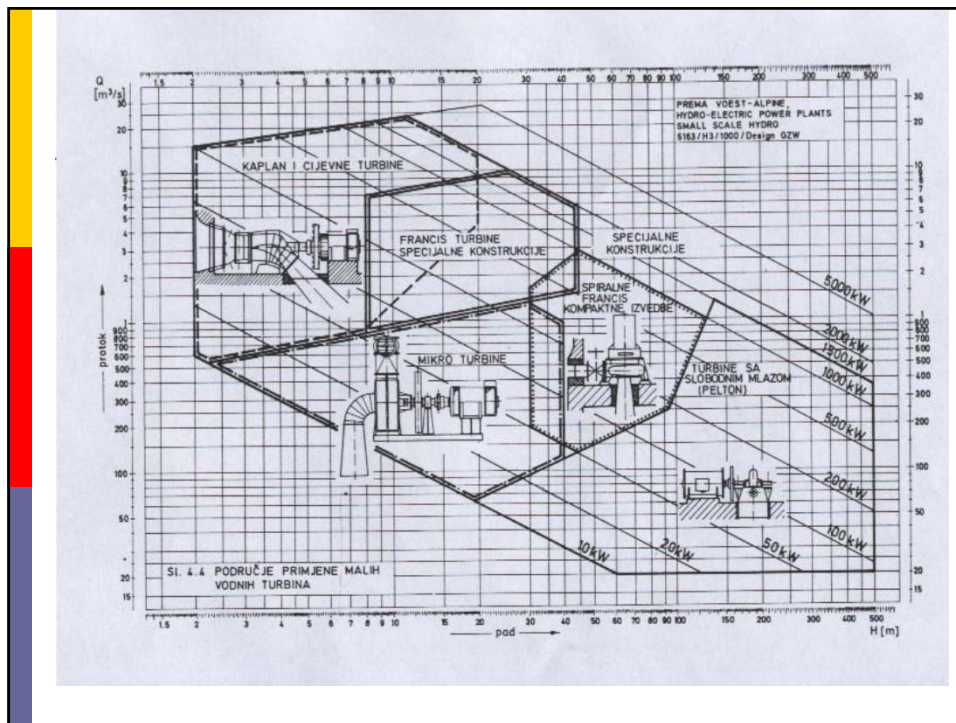
Osnovni tipovi

- Obzirom na opći tok strujanja vode kroz rotor turbine razlikuju se:
 - Radijalne: **Francis**
 - voda se kreće okomito na os
 - Aksijalne: **Propeler i Kaplan**
 - voda se privodi u smjeru osovine
 - Tangencijalne: **Pelton**
 - mlaz vode udara tangencijalno na lopatice
 - Radijalno-aksijalne: **Dijagonalne**
 - privod vode je kombiniran

Područje primjene







VLH Turbines: General data
Turbines VLH: Données générales

*Maximum discharge per unit in m³/s
Débit maximum par groupe en m³/s*

Net Head in meter Hauteur de chute nette en m	Runner diameters in mm Diamètres de roue en mm				
	3150	3550	4000	4500	5000
1.4	8.2	10.4	13.3	16.8	20.7
1.5	8.5	10.8	13.7	17.4	21.4
1.6	8.8	11.2	14.2	17.9	22.1
1.7	9.1	11.6	14.6	18.5	22.8
1.8	9.3	11.8	15.0	19.0	23.5
1.9	9.6	12.2	15.4	19.5	24.1
2.0	9.8	12.5	15.8	20.0	24.7
2.1	10.1	12.8	16.2	20.5	25.4
2.2	10.3	13.1	16.6	21.0	26.0
2.3	10.5	13.4	17.0	21.5	26.5
2.4	10.8	13.7	17.4	22.0	27.1
2.5	11.0	13.9	17.7	22.4	
2.6	11.2	14.2	18.1	22.9	
2.7	11.4	14.5	18.4	23.3	
2.8	11.6	14.8	18.7		
2.9	11.8	15.0	19.1		
3.0	12.0	15.3	19.4		
3.1	12.2	15.5	19.7		
3.2	12.4	15.8	20.0		

Maximum electrical output per unit in kW ()
Puissance électrique maximum par groupe en kW (**)*

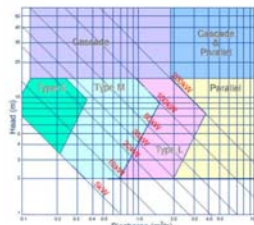
Net Head in meter Hauteur de chute nette en m	Runner diameters in mm Diamètres de roue en mm				
	3150	3550	4000	4500	5000
1.4	88	112	143	182	225
1.5	98	124	159	201	249
1.6	107	137	175	222	275
1.7	118	150	191	243	301
1.8	128	163	208	265	328
1.9	139	177	226	287	356
2.0	150	191	244	310	384
2.1	162	206	263	334	413
2.2	173	221	282	358	443
2.3	185	236	301	382	474
2.4	197	252	321	408	
2.5	210	268	341	433	
2.6	223	284	362	460	
2.7	236	300	383	486	
2.8	249				
2.9	262				
3.0	276				
3.1	290				
3.2	304				

Not available
 Non disponible

* Output delivered at terminal
 ** Puissance électrique à la so

Nota: These above data are given only for information.
 Nota: Les données ci-dessus sont données uniquement pour information

WIDE RANGE OF APPLICABLE SITE CONDITION




Hydro-eKIDS™ as three types of standard unit so as to conform to the various types of the site condition.

Each unit has three types of runner to suit to the various water flow.


Hydro-eKIDS™ is shipped adjusting angles of runner vane and guide vane to conform to the site condition exactly.

Runner vane angle also can be adjusted after installation to detach the runner. When the discharge fluctuates in rainy season or dry season, Hydro-eKIDS™ can operate under the best condition adjusting the runner vane angle.




Hydro-eKIDS Type S

Discharge 0.1 – 0.3 m³/s
Head 2 – 15 m
Power 5 – 25 kW
Dimension 1260L x 600D x 1000H



Hydro-eKIDS Type M

Discharge 0.1 – 1.4 m³/s
Head 2 – 15 m
Power 5 – 100 kW
Dimension 2050L x 111 OD x 1700H

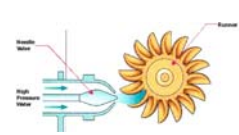


Hydro-eKIDS Type L

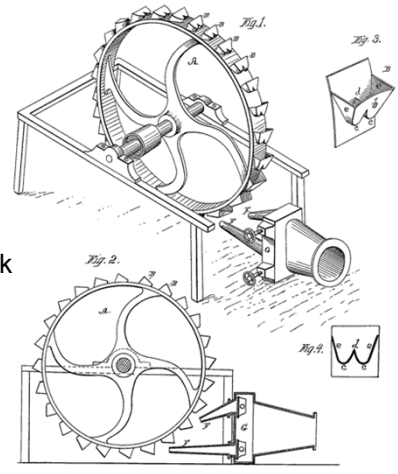
Discharge 1.0 – 3.5 m³/s
Head 2 – 15 m
Power 10 – 200 kW
Dimension 4600L x 1600D x 2500H

2

Pelton turbine - GLAVNI KONSTRUKTIVNI ELEMENTI

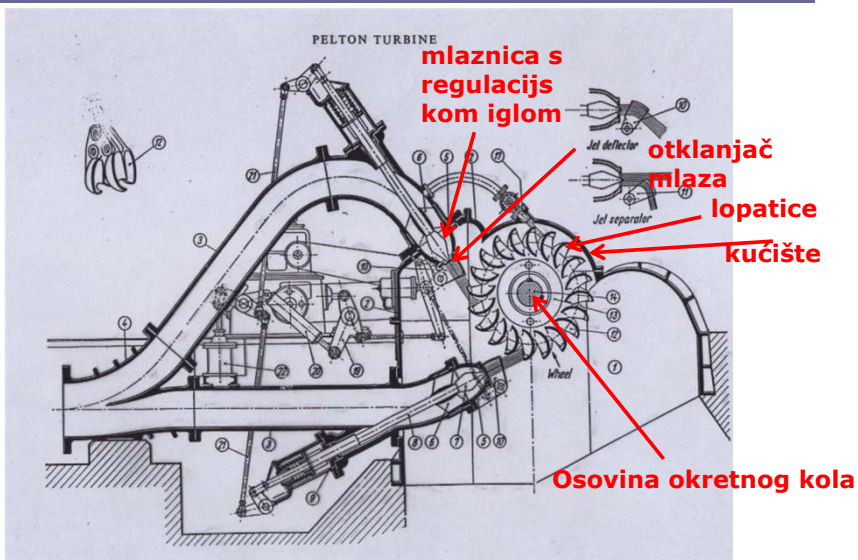


- ROTOR
 - METALNI DISK
 - LOPATICE
 - OSOVINA spaja disk s generatorom
 - HORIZONTALNA
 - VERTIKALNA
 - KUČIŠTE
- MLAZNICA s iglom koja regulira protok
- DOVOD
 - Usmjerava vodu prema mlaznicama
- ODVOD
 - Odvodi vodu iz turbine

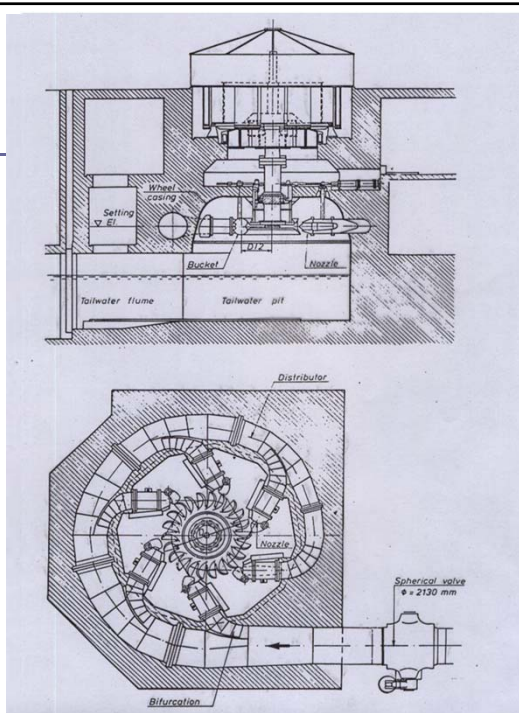


Vertikalna ili horizontalna os

Pelton turbine

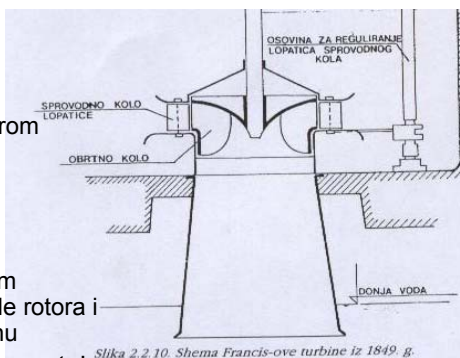


Pelton turbine

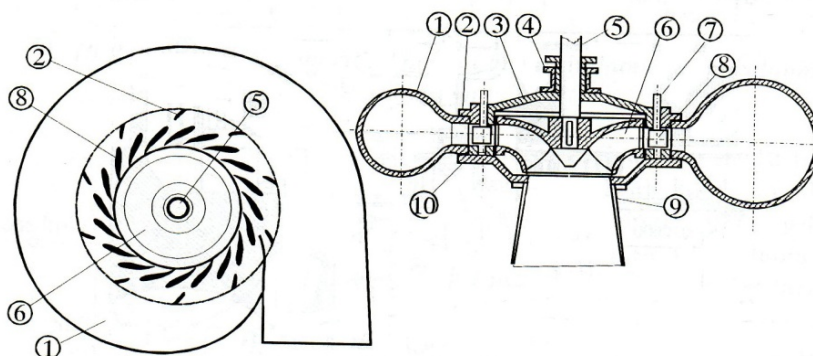


Francis turbine - GLAVNI KONSTRUKTIVNI ELEMENTI

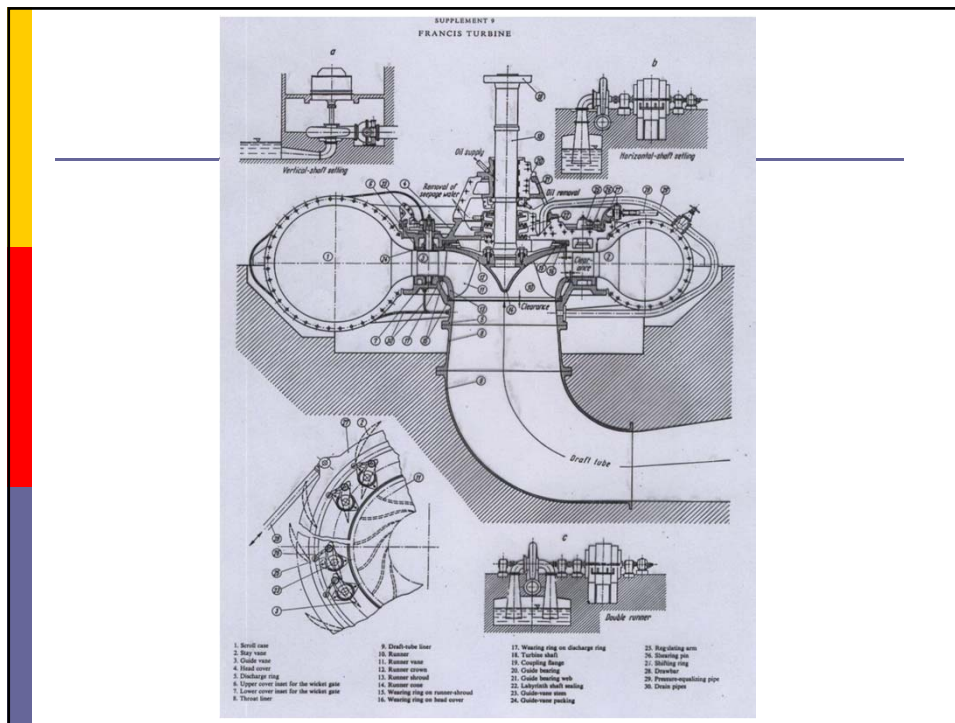
- **ROTOR**
 - OKRETNO KOLO s 2 prstena
 - između prstena LOPATICE
 - OSOVINA spaja disk s generatorom
 - HORIZONTALNA
 - VERTIKALNA
 - KUČIŠTE – poklopac turbine
- **SPROVODNO KOLO**
 - POKRETNE LOPATICE rotacijom usmjeravaju ulazak vode u kanale rotora i reguliraju protok vode kroz turbinu
- **SPIRALA** usmjerava ravnomjerno protok po obodu sprovodnog kola
- **DIFUZOR** prihvaća vodu koja napušta rotor i odvodi ju u nizvodni bazen



Slika 2.2.10. Shema Francis-ove turbine iz 1849. g.

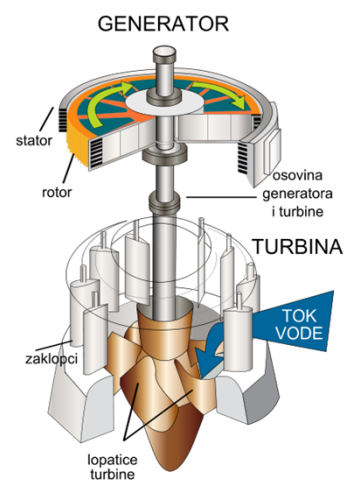


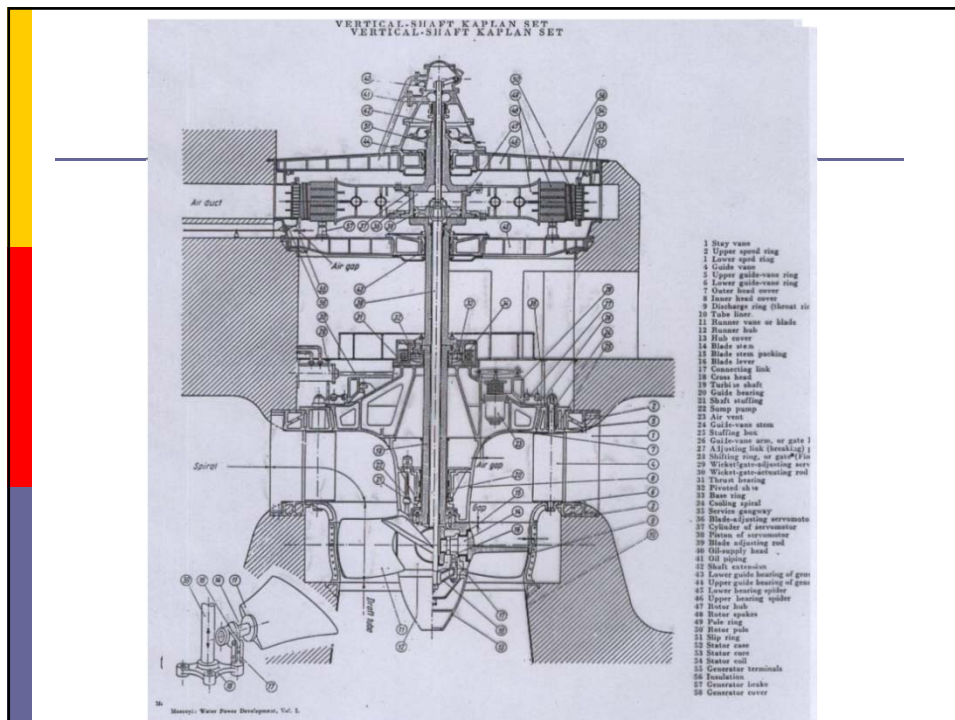
- | | |
|--------------------------|---|
| □ 1 – SPIRALA | □ 6 – FRANCIS TURBINA |
| □ 2 – STATORSKE LOPATICE | □ 7 – OSOVINA ZA OKRETANJE LOPATICA SPROVODNOG KOLA |
| □ 3 – POKLOPAC TURBINE | □ 8 – LOPATICE SPROVODNOG KOLA |
| □ 4 - VODEĆI LEŽAJ | □ 9 – DIFUZOR |
| □ 5 – OSOVINA | □ 10 – DONJI POKLOPAC |



Kaplan turbine - GLAVNI KONSTRUKTIVNI ELEMENTI

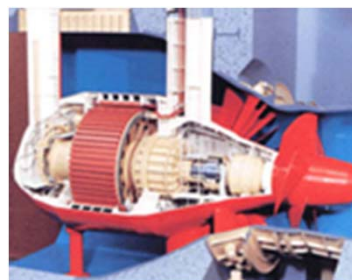
- **ROTOR**
 - **OKRETNO KOLO**
 - S 4-8 LOPATICA kojima se preko osovine može regulirati položaj
 - **VERTIKALN OSOVINA** spaja disk s generatorom
- **SPROVODNO KOLO**
 - **POKRETNE LOPATICE** rotacijom usmjeravaju ulazak vode u kanale rotora i reguliraju protok vode kroz turbinu
- **KOMORA** usmjerava ravnomjerno protok po obodu sprovodnog kola, izvodi se od armiranog betona a s unutarnje strane se oblaže čelikom
- **DIFUZOR** prihvaća vodu koja napušta rotor i odvodi ju u nizvodni bazen

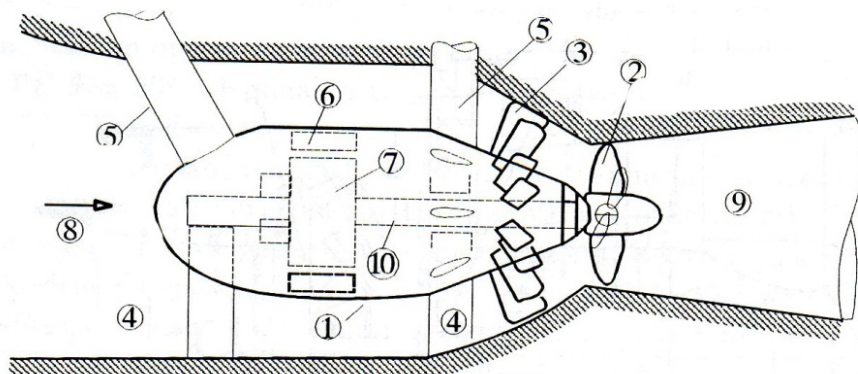




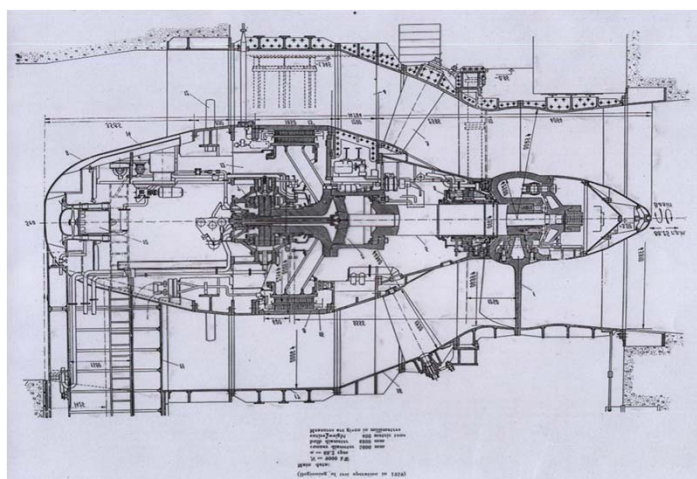
Cijevne ("Bulb") turbine - GLAVNI KONSTRUKTIVNI ELEMENTI

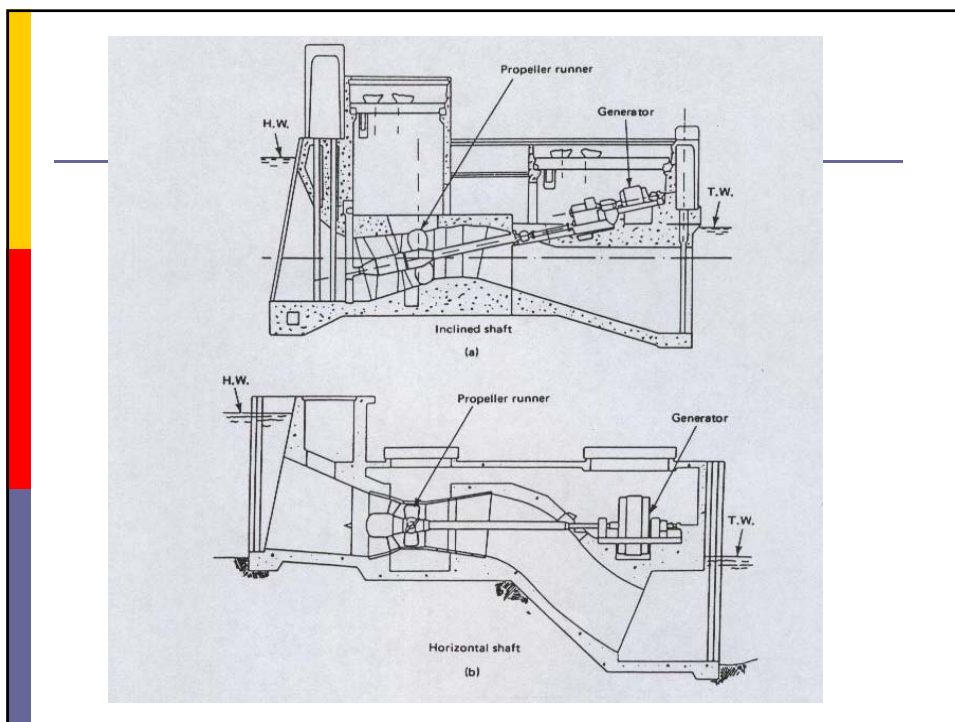
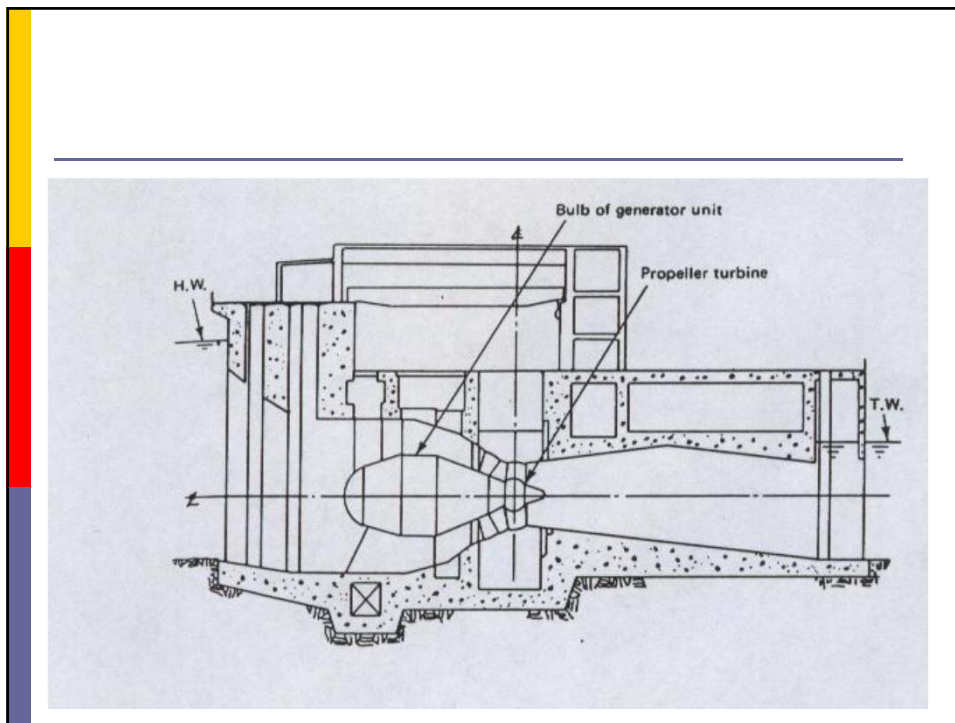
- **UZVODNA KOMORA** omogućuje direktan pristup vode do statora i rotora
- **ROTOR** u obliku kapi vode unutar kojeg se nalazi **GENERATOR**
- **USMJERIVAČ**
 - **POKRETNE LOPATICE** rotacijom usmjeravaju ulazak vode u kanale rotora i reguliraju protok vode kroz turbinu
- **NOSAČI** fiksiraju turbinu
- **DIFUZOR** evakuira vodu koja je prošla kroz turbinu.
- **PRISTUPNI ŠAHT** do generatora





- 1 – KAPSULA
- 2 – TURBINA SA POKRETNIM LOPATICAMA
- 3 – LOPATICE SPROVODNOG KOLA
- 4 – HIDRAULIČKI OBLIKOVANI OSLOHCI
- 5 – PRISTUPNI ŠAHT
- 6 – STATOR GENERATORA
- 7 – ROTOR GENERATORA
- 8 – DOVOD
- 9 – DIFUZOR
- 10 – OSOVINA TURBINE





Osnovne karakteristike vodnih turbina

■ SPECIFIČNI BROJ OKRETAJA

■ SPECIFIČNA BRZINA ili KOEF. BRZOHODNOSTI TURBINE

Kaplan i Francis
$$n_s = \frac{n P^{1/2}}{H_n^{5/4}}$$

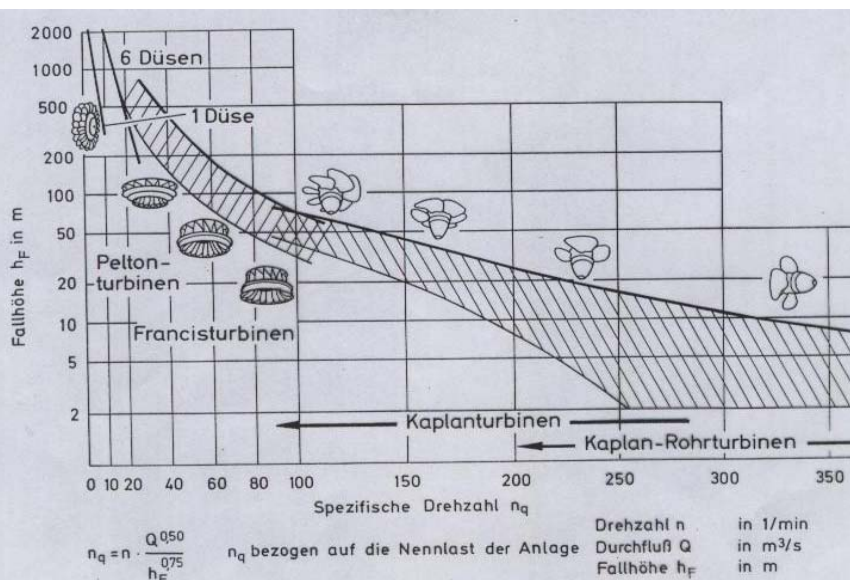
- P snaga turbine [KS]
- H_n neto pad turbine [m]
- N broj okretaja [okr/min]

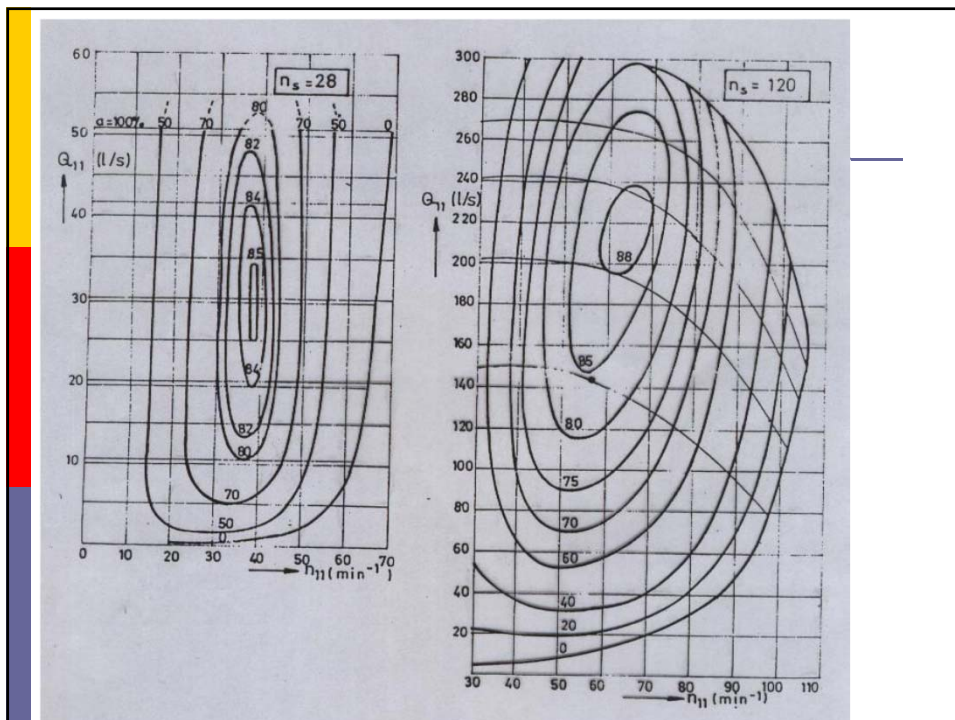
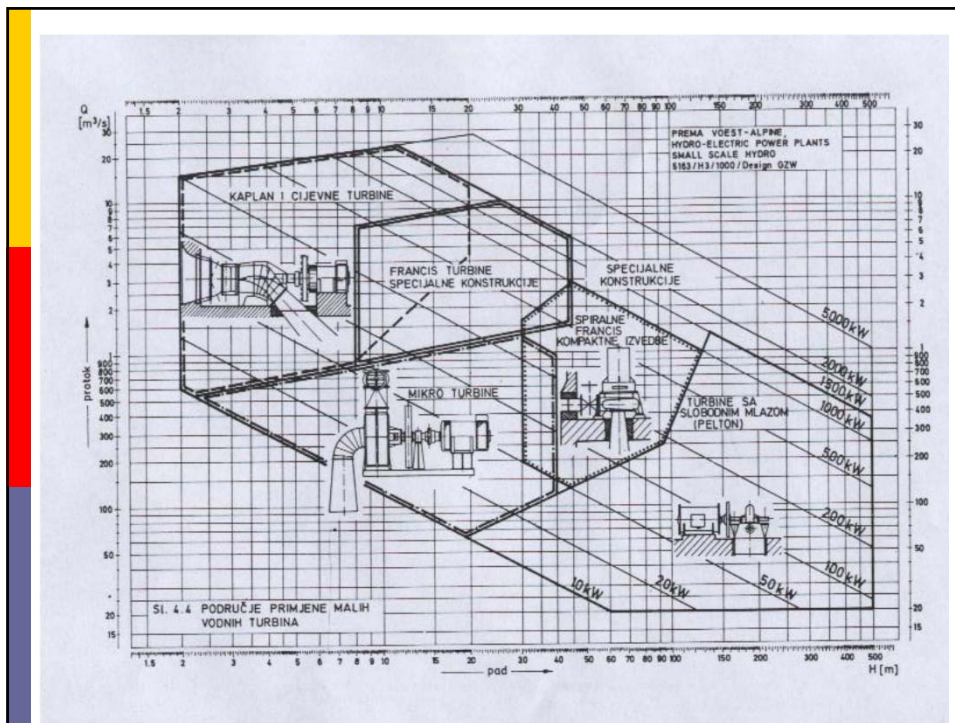
= broj okretaja turbine da pri padu od 1 m razvije snagu 1KS

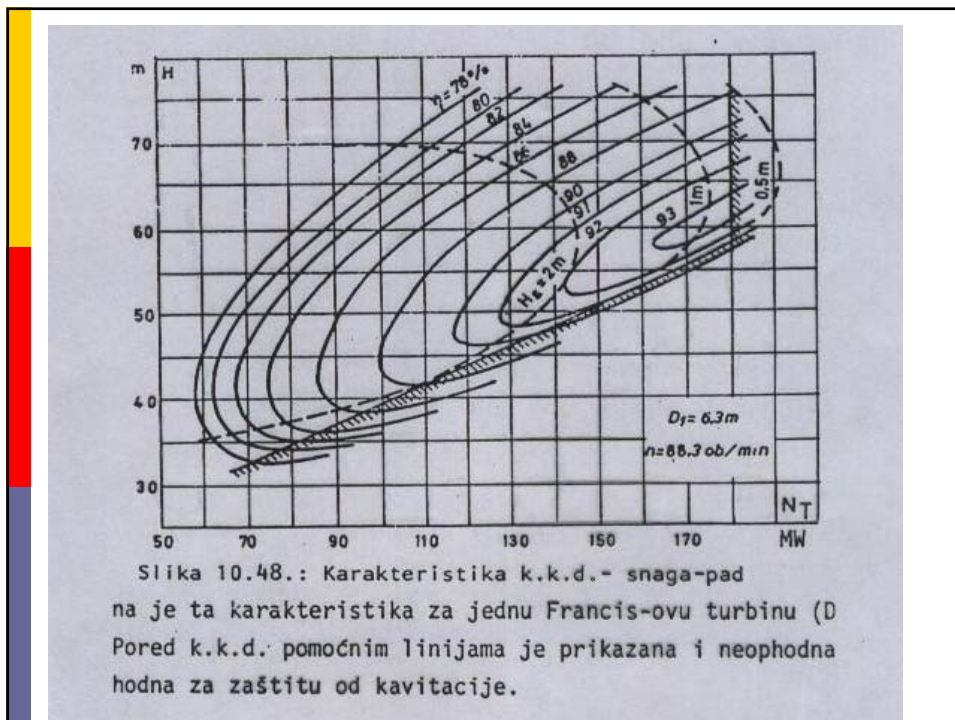
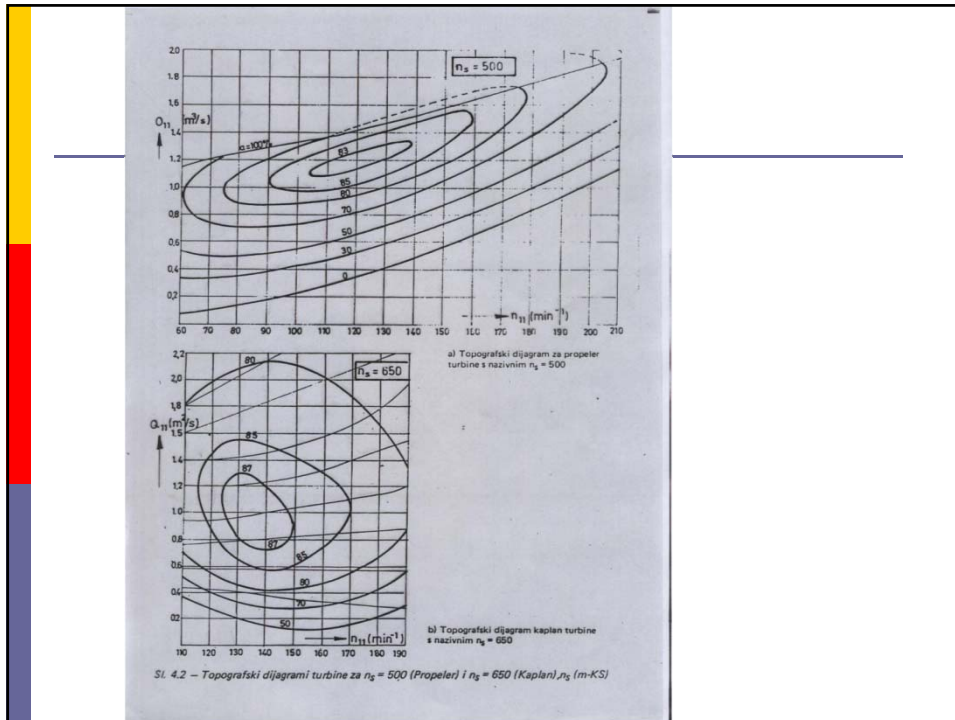
$$1\text{KS} = 0,736\text{kW}$$

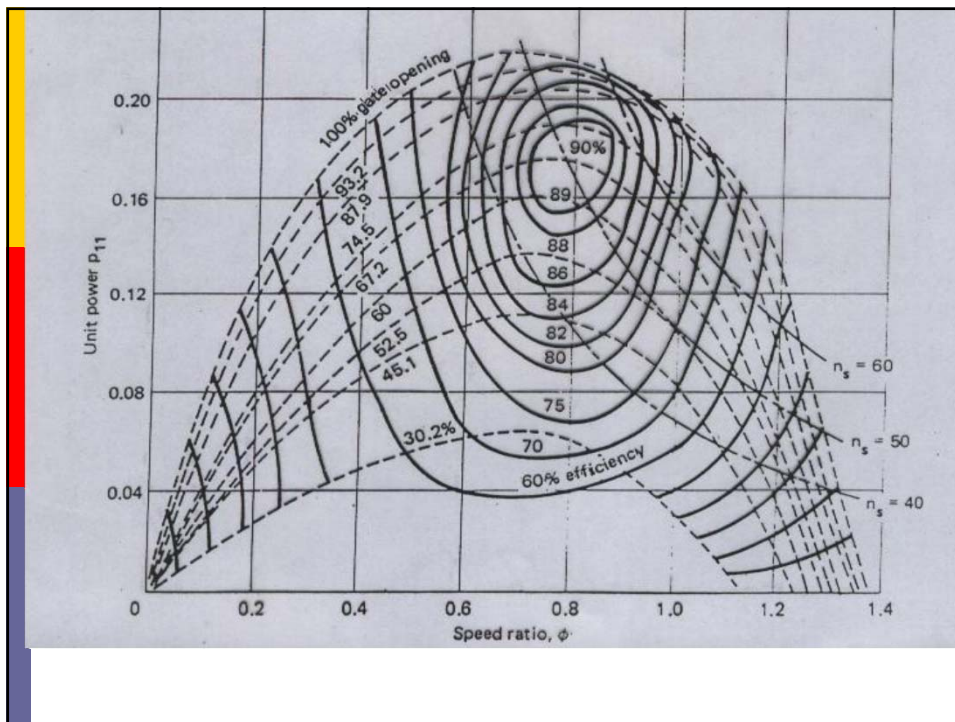
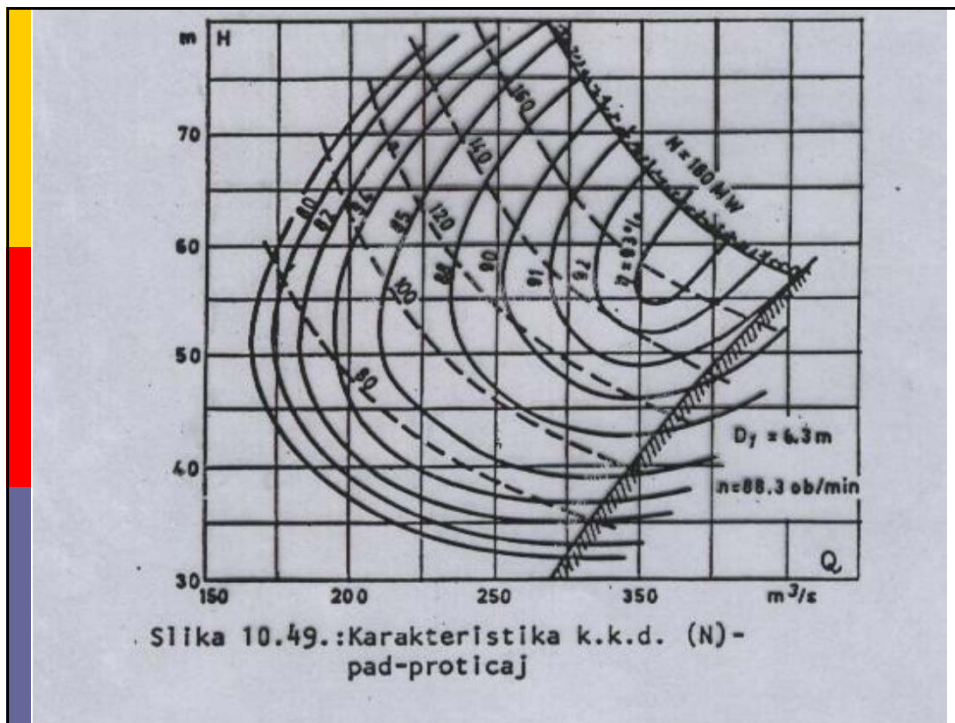
$$P[\text{KS}] = 1,36P[\text{kW}]$$

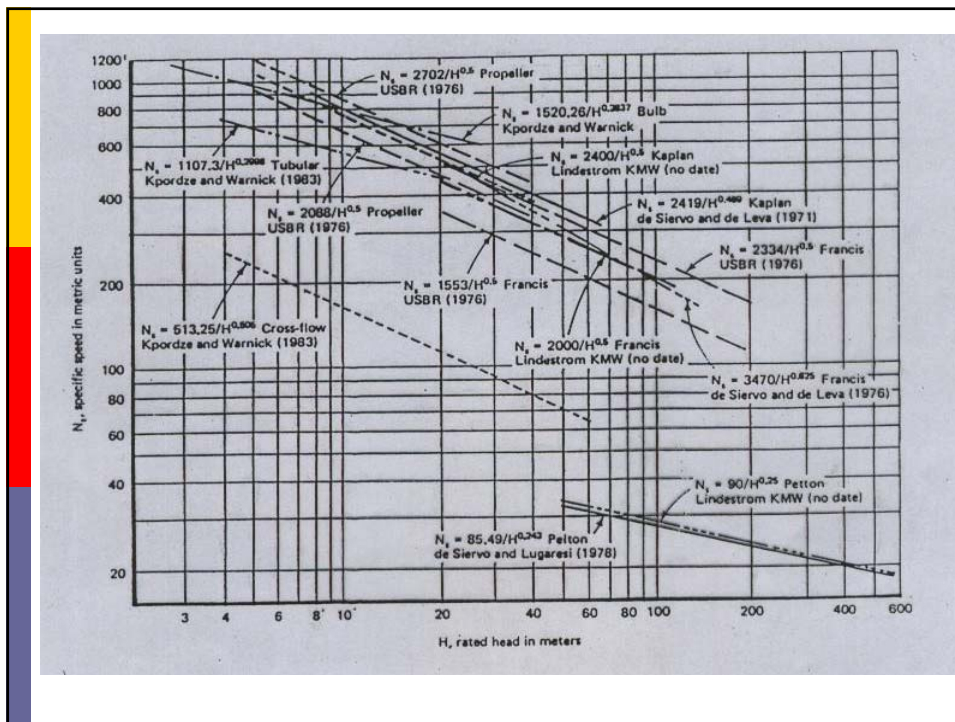
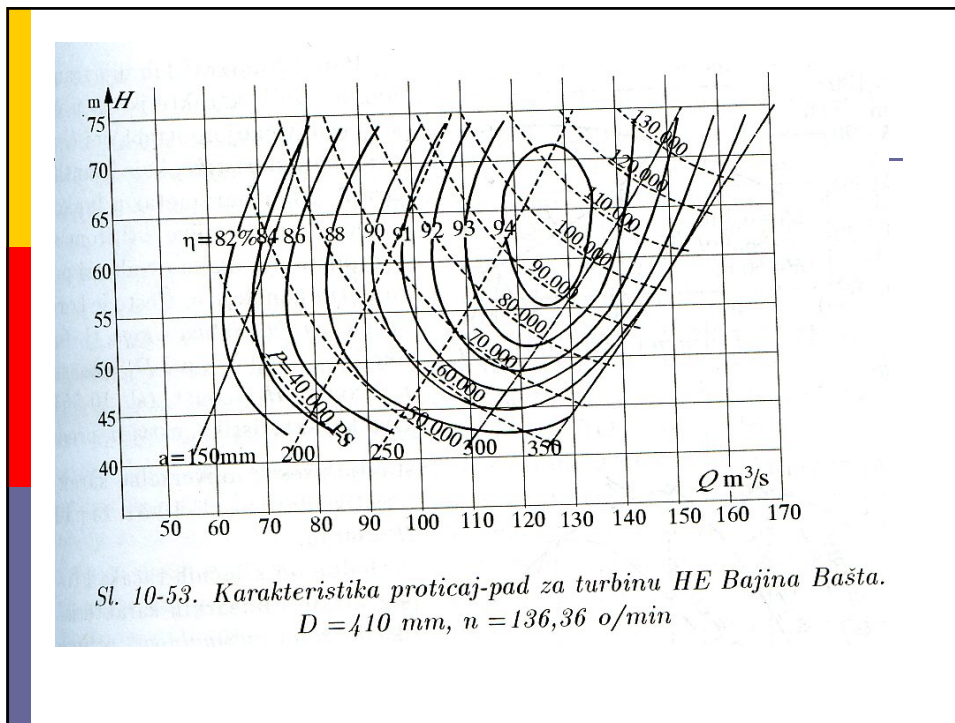
Tip turbine	n_s
Pelton	2-70
Francis	60-450
propeler i Kaplan	400-1200
cijevne	400-1200

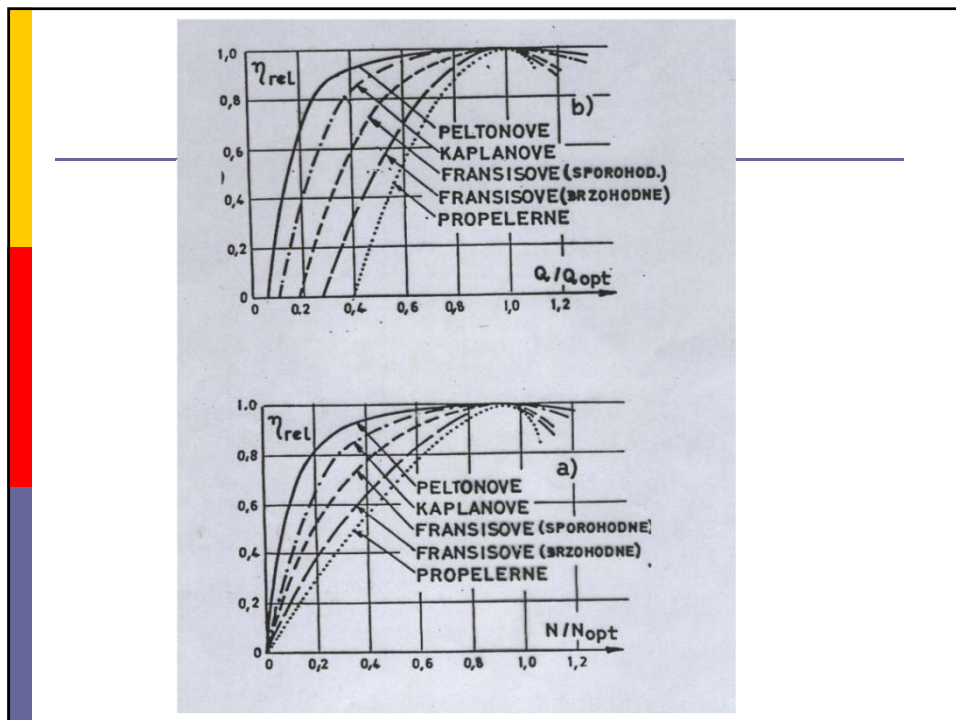
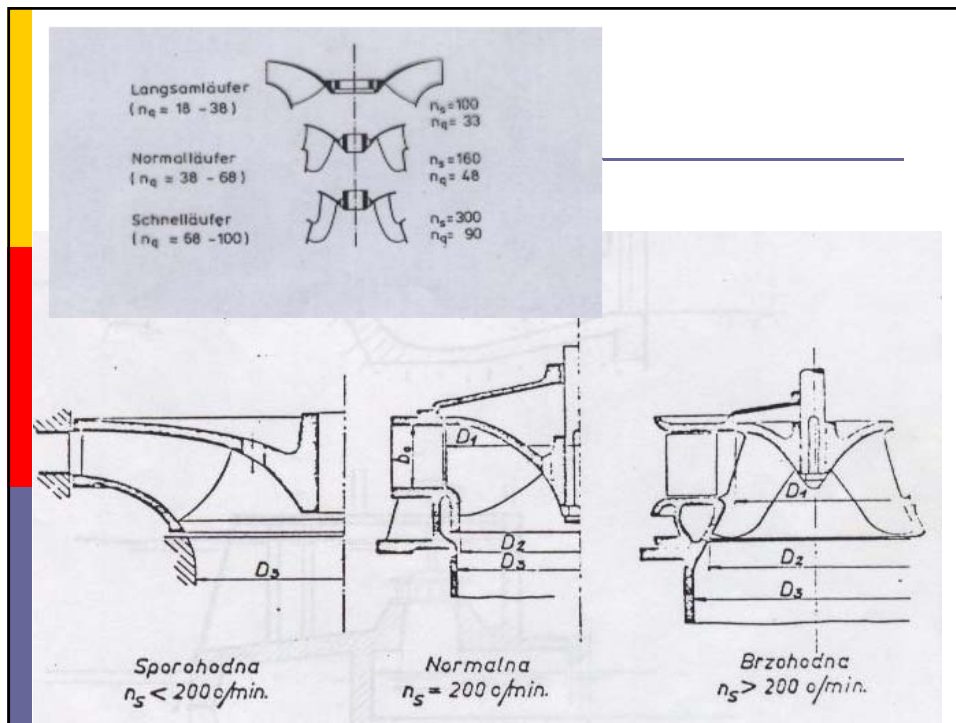


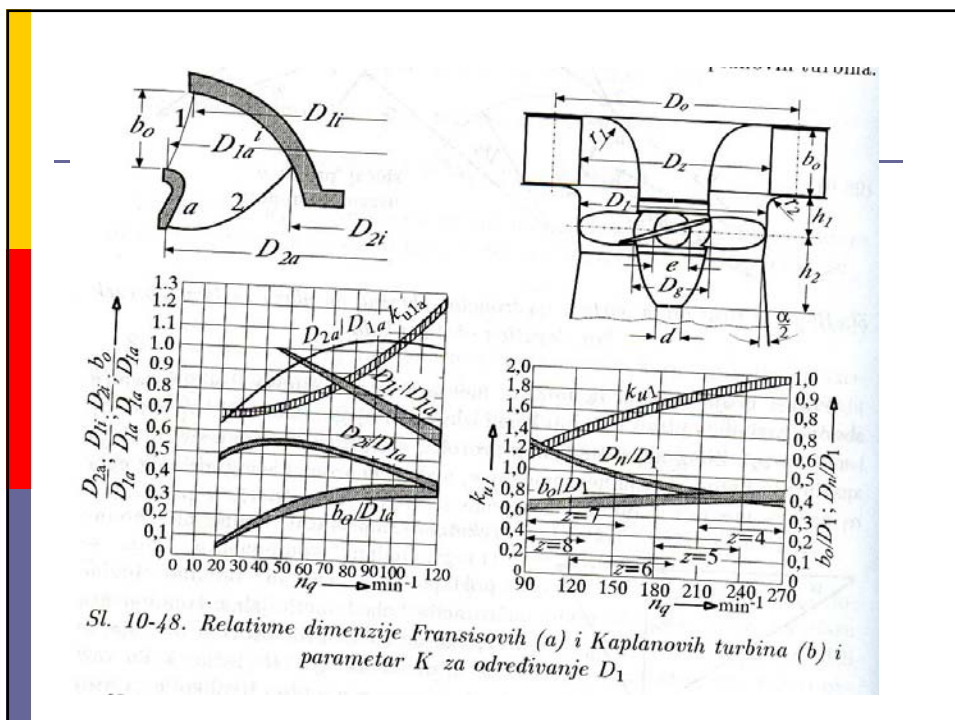
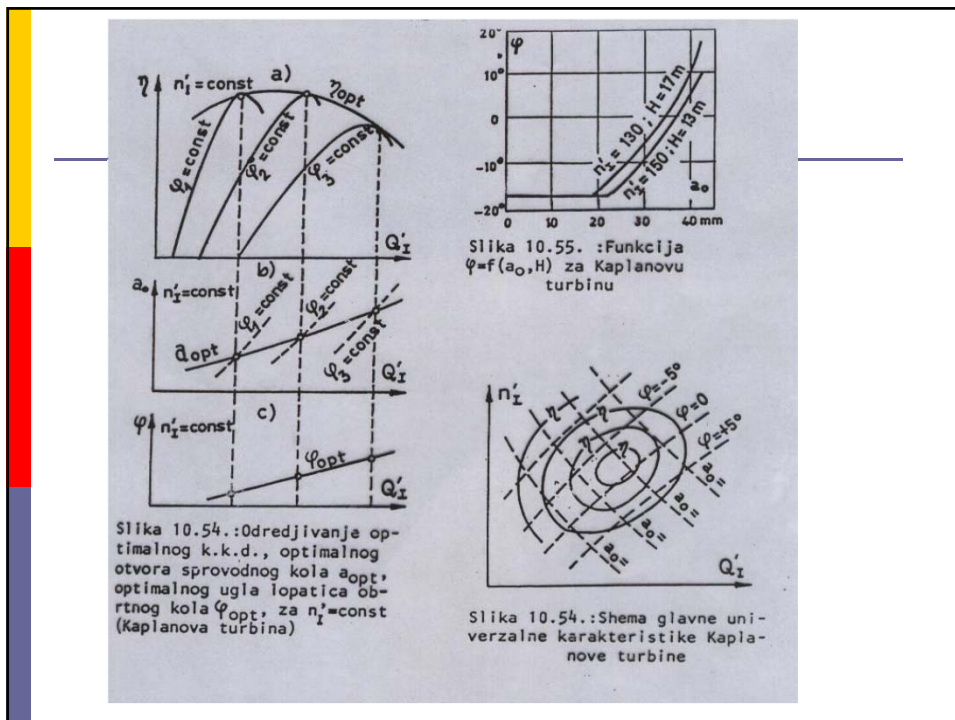


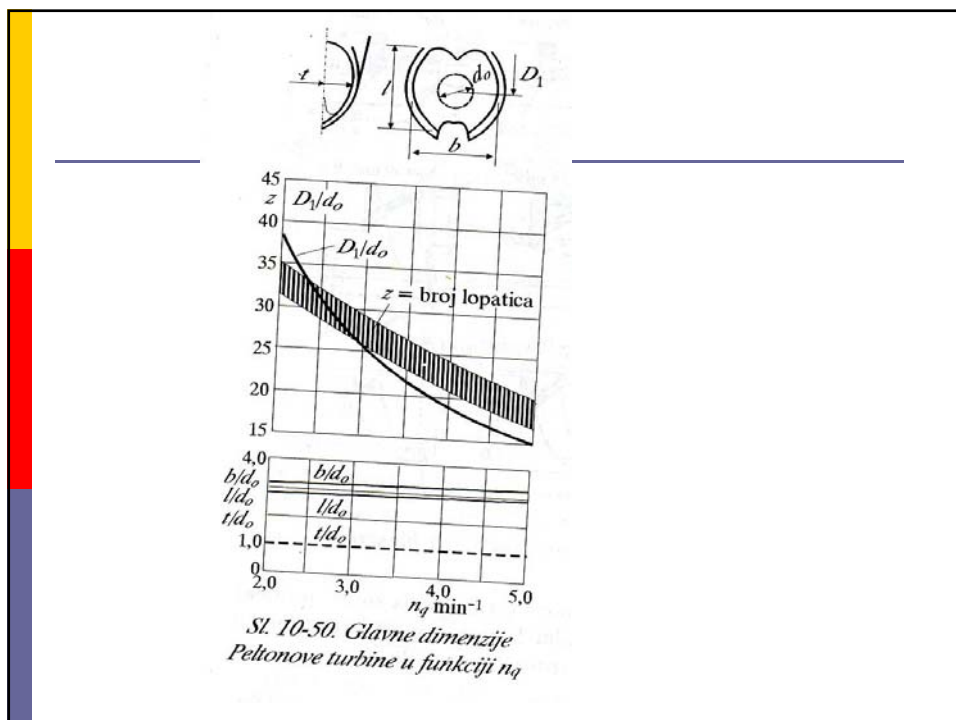
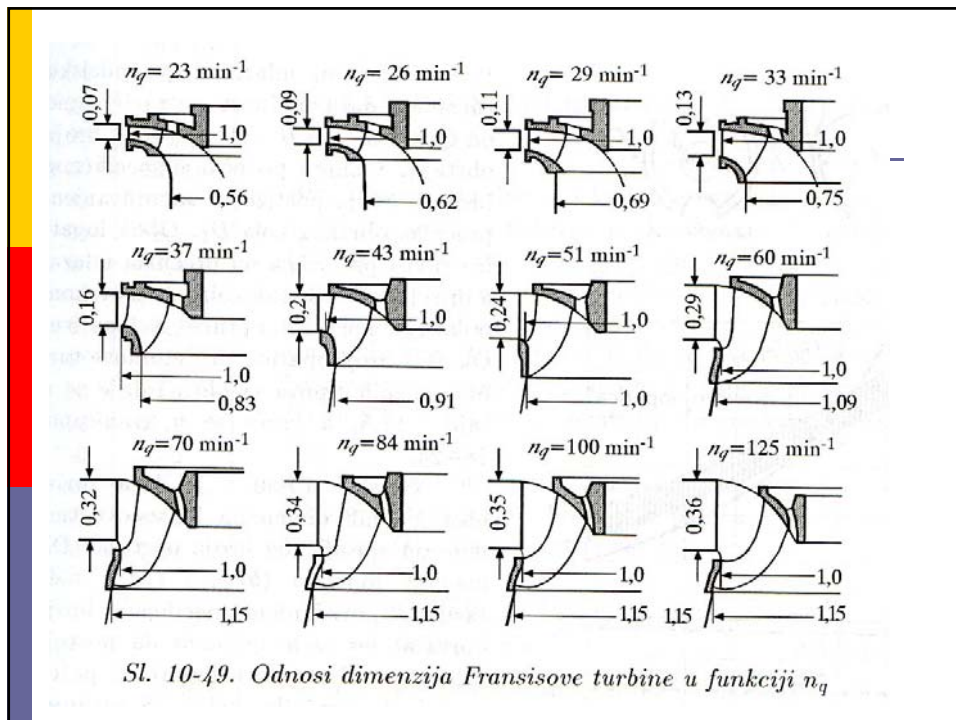






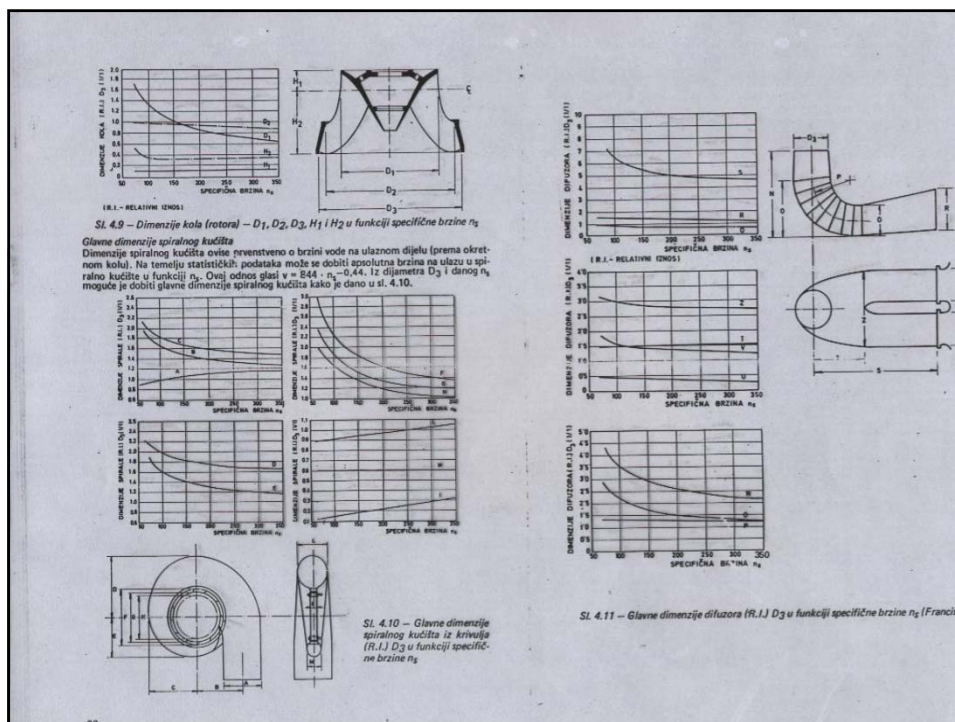


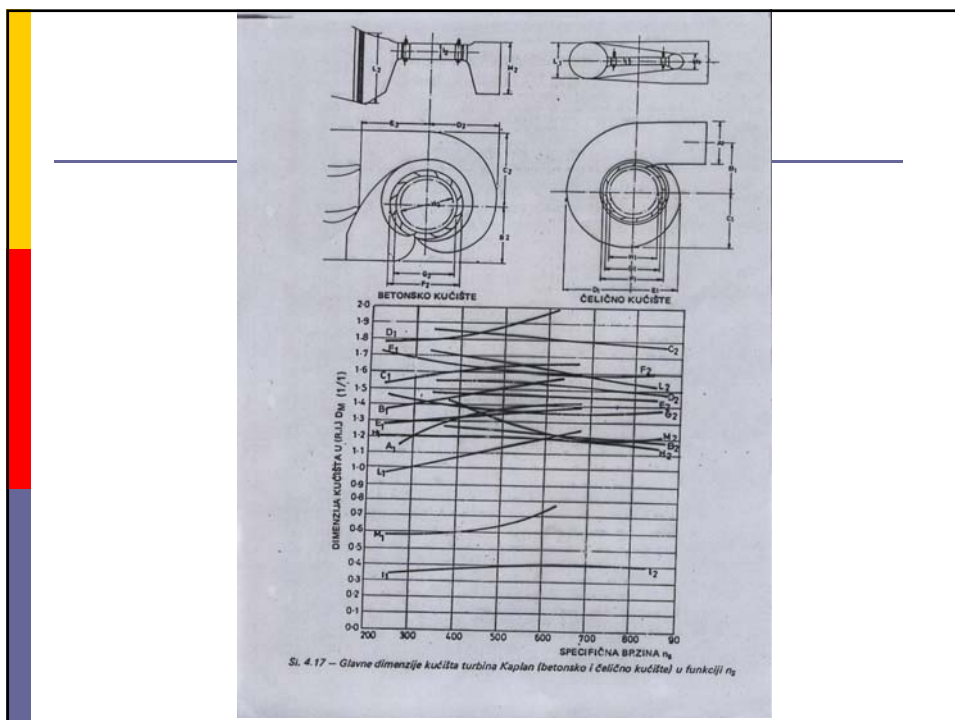
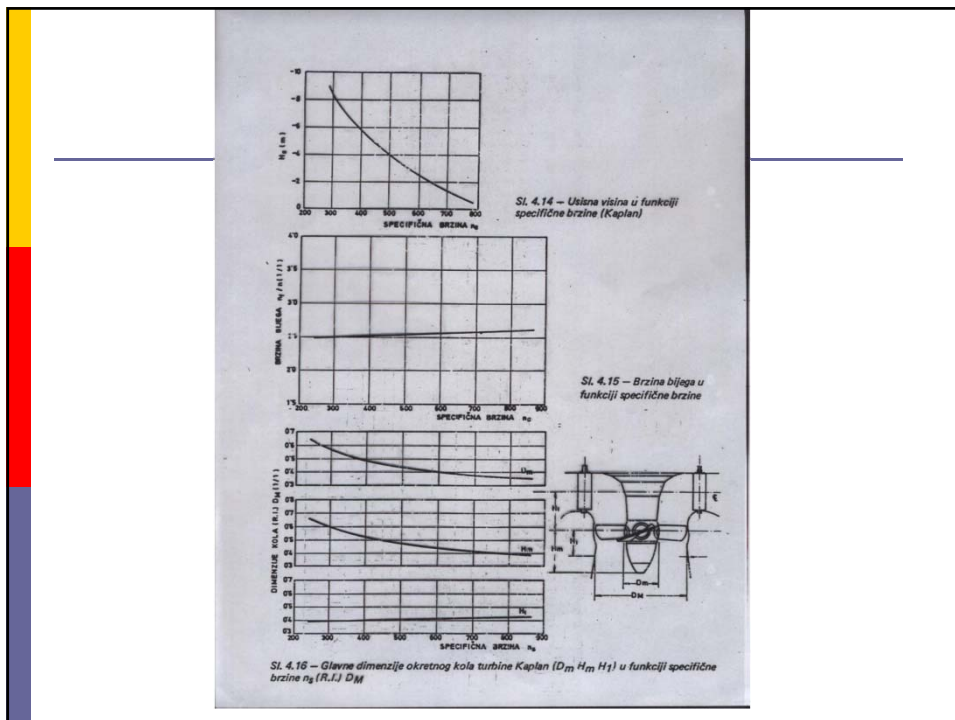


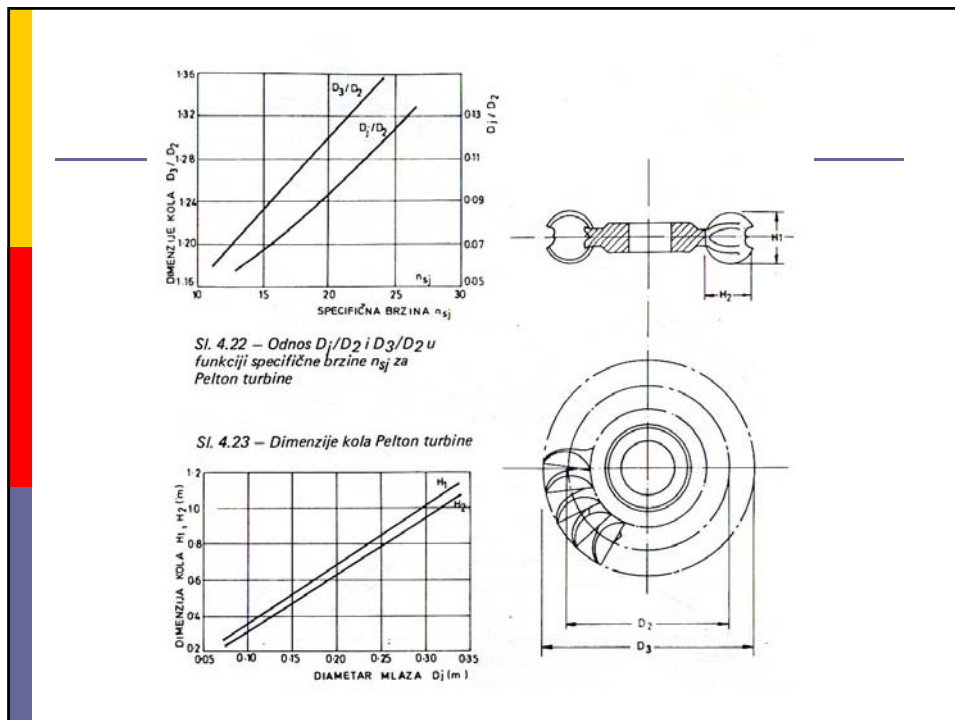


Odabir tipa turbine

- raspoloživi pad \longrightarrow tip turbine i specifična brzina
- raspoloživa količina vode (Q [m^3/s])
granična snaga pojedinih turbina \longrightarrow broj jedinica
 - raspodjela vode (trajanje)
 - kod jedinica većeg nazivnog protoka (veći η i veća proizvodnja energije) ne koristi se dio malih voda.
 - rješenje se traži izborom većeg broja manjih jedinica ili kombinacijom većih i manjih jedinica.
 - veći broj jedinica povećava ulaganja, te se konačno rješenje donosi na osnovi gospodarske odluke.
- uloga HE u mreži kao i potrebe EES mogu utjecati na izbor nazivne snage i nazivnog protoka i broj jedinica.
- rezervna snaga i uloga HE utječu na izbor veličine izgradnje i broj jedinica.
- unifikacija proizvodnih grupa može dijelom utjecati na izbor rješenja.
- uvjeti transporta – dopreme opreme do strojarnice

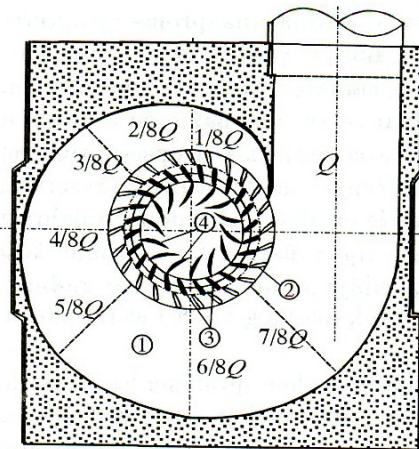




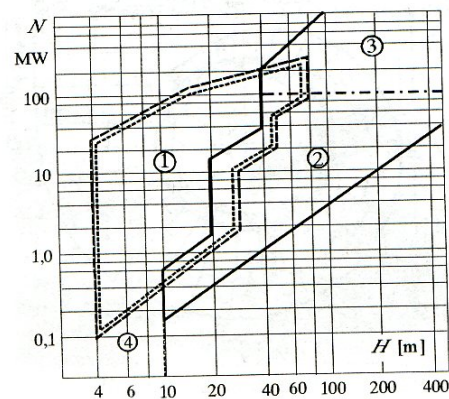


Područje primjene pojedinih turbina ($P \geq 10$ MW)

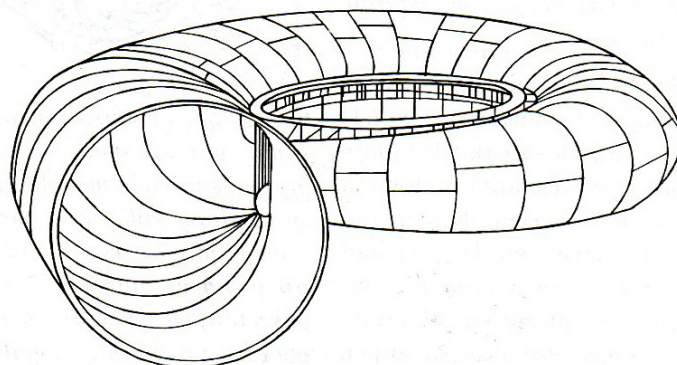
Tip turbine	Pad [m]	n_s [KS]	n_q
Cijevna	1 - 25	420 – 1200	140 – 400
Kaplan	30 – 70	250 – 900	100 – 300
Dijagonalna	40 – 200	175 – 450 (500)	60 – 160
Francis	50 – 700	60 – 400 (490)	20 – 120
Pelton	> 300	3 – 45 (70)	1 - 20



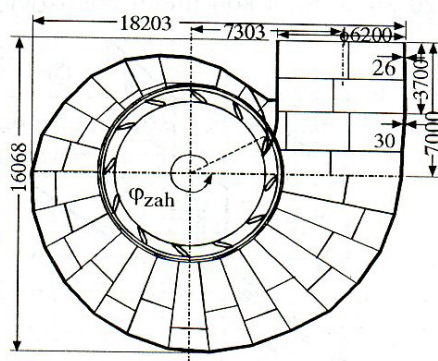
Sl. 10-61. Dovodni trakt Fransisove turbine: spirala (1), stator (2), sprovodno kolo (3), turbina (4). Shema raspodele proticaja po obodu statora



Sl. 10-62. Orijetacione oblasti primene raznih tipova spirala. 1 - betonske, 2 - čelične, 3 - čelične sa betonskim ukrućenjem, 4 - bez spirale (otvorena komora)



Sl. 10-66. Shema zavarene spirale sa statorom



Sl. 10-65. Čelična spirala sa statorskim lopicama. Ugao zahvatanja φ_{zah} .

